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**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF NEVADA**

PROTEINHOUSE FRANCHISING, LLC,
LRAB, LLC, and ANDREW F. BICK,

Plaintiffs,

v.

KEN B. GUTMAN, STEVE HORCH,
and JOHN DOE,

Defendants.

Case No. 2:17-cv-02816-APG-PAL

**STIPULATION AND [PROPOSED]
PROTECTIVE ORDER GOVERNING
THE DISCOVERY AND HANDLING OF
CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION AND
TRADE SECRETS**

Plaintiffs Proteinhouse Franchising, LLC, LRAB, LLC, and Andrew F. Bick (together, “Plaintiffs”) and Defendants Ken B. Gutman (“Gutman”) and Steve Horch (“Horch”) (together, “Defendants”) hereby agree and stipulate as follows:

1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter this Stipulated Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 12.3, below, that this Stipulated Protective Order does not entitle them to file confidential

1 information under seal; District of Nevada LR IA 10-5 sets forth the procedures that must be
2 followed for filing material under seal.

3 **2. DEFINITIONS**

4 2.1 Challenging Party: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of
5 information or items under this Order.

6 2.2 “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items: information (regardless of how it is
7 generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule
8 of Civil Procedure 26(c).

9 2.3 Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as
10 well as their support staff).

11 2.4 Designating Party: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items that
12 it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “ATTORNEYS’
13 EYES ONLY.”

14 2.5 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the
15 medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things,
16 testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures or
17 responses to discovery in this matter.

18 2.6 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to
19 the litigation who (1) has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or
20 as a consultant in this action, (2) is not a past or current employee of a Party or of a Party’s
21 competitor, and (3) at the time of retention, is not anticipated to become an employee of a Party
22 or of a Party’s competitor.

23 2.7 “ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” Information or Items: extremely sensitive
24 “Confidential Information or Items,” disclosure of which to another Party or Non-Party would
25 create a substantial risk of serious harm that could not be avoided by less restrictive means.

26 2.8 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this action. House
27 Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.

28 2.9 Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal

entity not named as a Party to this action.

2.10 Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a party to this action but are retained to represent or advise a party to this action and have appeared in this action on behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm which has appeared on behalf of that party.

2.11 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees, consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their support staffs).

2.12 Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or Discovery Material in this action.

2.13 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support services (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or demonstrations, and organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium) and their employees and subcontractors.

2.14 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as “CONFIDENTIAL” or as “ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.”

2.15 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a Producing Party.

3. SCOPE

The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material (as defined above), but also: (1) any information copied or extracted from Protected Material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony, conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material. However, the protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order do not cover the following information: (a) any information that is in the public domain at the time of disclosure to a Receiving Party or becomes part of the public domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as a result of publication not involving a violation of this Order, including becoming part of the public record through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information known to the Receiving Party prior to the disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a source who obtained the information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the Designating

1 Party. Any use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by a separate agreement or order.

2 **4. DURATION**

3 Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by
4 this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court
5 order otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of: (1) dismissal of all
6 claims and defenses in this action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after
7 the completion and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this action,
8 including the time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time pursuant to
9 applicable law.

10 **5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL**

11 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party
12 or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care
13 to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards.
14 To the extent it is practical to do so, the Designating Party must designate for protection only
15 those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify – so that
16 other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not
17 warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order. Mass, indiscriminate, or
18 routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified or
19 that have been made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to unnecessarily encumber or retard the case
20 development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) expose the
21 Designating Party to sanctions. If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or
22 items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection at all or do not qualify for the
23 level of protection initially asserted, that Designating Party must promptly notify all other parties
24 that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

25 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this Order
26 (*see, e.g.*, the second paragraph of Section 5.2(a) below discussing the inspection of documents),
27 or as otherwise stipulated or ordered by the Court, all Disclosure or Discovery Material that
28 qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is

disclosed or produced. Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

a. for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party affix the legend “CONFIDENTIAL” or “ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” to each page that contains protected material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins) and must specify, for each portion, the level of protection being asserted.

A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents or materials available for inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed “ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.” After the inspecting Party has identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then, before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the appropriate legend (“CONFIDENTIAL” or “ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”) to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins) and must specify, for each portion, the level of protection being asserted;

b. for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings, that the Designating Party identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, all protected testimony and specify the level of protection being asserted. When it is impractical to identify separately each portion of testimony that is entitled to protection and it appears that substantial portions of the testimony may qualify for protection, the Designating Party may invoke on the record (before the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding is concluded) a right to have up to 21 days to

1 identify the specific portions of the testimony as to which protection is sought and to
2 specify the level of protection being asserted. Only those portions of the testimony that
3 are appropriately designated for protection within the 21 days shall be covered by the
4 provisions of this Stipulated Protective Order. Alternatively, a Designating Party may
5 specify, at the deposition or up to 21 days afterwards if that period is properly invoked,
6 that the entire transcript shall be treated as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “ATTORNEYS’ EYES
7 ONLY.”

8 Parties shall give the other parties notice if they reasonably expect a deposition,
9 hearing or other proceeding to include Protected Material so that the other parties can
10 ensure that only authorized individuals who have signed the “Acknowledgment and
11 Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A) are present at those proceedings. The use of a
12 document as an exhibit at a deposition shall not in any way affect its designation as
13 “CONFIDENTIAL” or “ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.”

14 Transcripts containing Protected Material shall have an obvious legend on the title
15 page that the transcript contains Protected Material, and the title page shall be followed by
16 a list of all pages (including line numbers as appropriate) that have been designated as
17 Protected Material and the level of protection being asserted by the Designating Party.
18 The Designating Party shall inform the court reporter of these requirements. Any
19 transcript that is prepared before the expiration of a 21-day period for designation shall be
20 treated during that period as if it had been designated “ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” in
21 its entirety unless otherwise agreed. After the expiration of that period, the transcript shall
22 be treated only as actually designated; and

23 c. for information produced in some form other than documentary form and
24 for any other tangible items, that the Producing Party shall affix in a prominent place on
25 the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the
26 legend “CONFIDENTIAL” or “ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.” If only a portion or
27 portions of the information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent
28 practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s) and specify the level of protection being

1 asserted.

2 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to
3 designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party's
4 right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon timely correction of a
5 designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated
6 in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

7 **6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS**

8 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of
9 confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality
10 designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic
11 burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to
12 challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the
13 original designation is disclosed.

14 6.2 Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution
15 process by providing written notice of each designation it is challenging and describing the basis
16 for each challenge. To avoid ambiguity as to whether a challenge has been made, the written
17 notice must recite that the challenge to confidentiality is being made in accordance with this
18 specific Section 6 of this Stipulated Protective Order. The parties shall attempt to resolve each
19 challenge in good faith and must begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice
20 dialogue; other forms of communication are not sufficient) within 14 days of the date of service
21 of notice. In conferring, the Challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief that the
22 confidentiality designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party an opportunity to
23 review the designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in designation
24 is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A Challenging Party may proceed to
25 the next stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer process first
26 or establishes that the Designating Party is unwilling to participate in the meet and confer process
27 in a timely manner.

28 6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the Parties cannot resolve a challenge without court

1 intervention, the Designating Party shall file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality within
 2 21 days of the initial notice of challenge or within 14 days of the parties agreeing that the meet
 3 and confer process will not resolve their dispute, whichever is earlier. Each such motion must be
 4 accompanied by a declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet and confer
 5 requirements imposed in the preceding Section 6.2. Failure by the Designating Party to make
 6 such a motion including the required declaration within 21 days (or 14 days, if applicable) shall
 7 automatically waive the confidentiality designation for each challenged designation. In addition,
 8 the Challenging Party may file a motion challenging a confidentiality designation at any time if
 9 there is good cause for doing so, including a challenge to the designation of a deposition transcript
 10 or any portions thereof. Any motion brought pursuant to this provision must be accompanied by
 11 a declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet and confer requirements
 12 imposed by the preceding Section 6.2.

13 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating
 14 Party. Frivolous challenges and those made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to harass or impose
 15 unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to
 16 sanctions. Unless the Designating Party has waived the confidentiality designation by failing to
 17 file a motion to retain confidentiality as described above, all parties shall continue to afford the
 18 material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's
 19 designation until the court rules on the challenge.

20 **7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL**

21 7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed
 22 or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this case only for prosecuting,
 23 defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only
 24 to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the litigation
 25 has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of Section 13 below.
 26 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and in a
 27 secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.

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1 7.2 Disclosure of “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items. Unless otherwise
2 ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may
3 disclose any information or item designated “CONFIDENTIAL” only to the following:

4 a. The Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as
5 employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to
6 disclose the information for this litigation and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and
7 Agreement to Be Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

8 b. The officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the
9 Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who
10 have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

11 c. Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom
12 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the
13 “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

14 d. The court and its personnel;

15 e. Court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, and
16 Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and
17 who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

18 f. During their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is
19 reasonably necessary and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be
20 Bound” (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the
21 court. Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal
22 Protected Material must be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be
23 disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order; and

24 g. The author or recipient of a document containing the information or a
25 custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

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1 7.3 Disclosure of “ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” Information or Items. Unless
 2 otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party
 3 may disclose any information or item designated “ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” only to the
 4 following:

5 a. the Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as
 6 employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to
 7 disclose the information for this litigation and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and
 8 Agreement to Be Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

9 b. Experts of the Receiving Party: (1) to whom disclosure is reasonably
 10 necessary for this litigation, (2) who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement
 11 to Be Bound” (Exhibit A), and (3) as to whom the procedures set forth in Section 7.4(a),
 12 below, have been followed;

13 c. The court and its personnel;

14 d. Court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, and
 15 Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and
 16 who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A); and

17 e. The author or recipient of a document containing the information or a
 18 custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

19 7.4 Procedures for Approving or Objecting to Disclosure of “ATTORNEYS’ EYES
 20 ONLY” Information or Items to Experts.

21 a. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or agreed to in writing by the
 22 Designating Party, a Party that seeks to disclose to an Expert (as defined in this Order)
 23 any information or item that has been designated “ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”
 24 pursuant to Section 7.3(b) first must make a written request to the Designating Party that:
 25 (1) identifies the general categories of “ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” information that
 26 the Receiving Party seeks permission to disclose to the Expert; (2) sets forth the full name
 27 of the Expert and the city and state of his or her primary residence; (3) attaches a copy of
 28 the Expert’s current resume; (4) identifies the Expert’s current employer(s); (5) identifies

1 each person or entity from whom the Expert has received compensation or funding for
2 work in his or her areas of expertise or to whom the expert has provided professional
3 services, including in connection with a litigation, at any time during the preceding five
4 years; and (6) identifies (by name and number of the case, filing date, and location of
5 court) any litigation in connection with which the Expert has offered expert testimony,
6 including through a declaration, report, or testimony at a deposition or trial, during the
7 preceding five years.

8 b. A Party that makes a request and provides the information specified in the
9 preceding Section 7.4(a) may disclose the subject Protected Material to the identified
10 Expert unless, within 14 days of delivering the request, the Party receives a written
11 objection from the Designating Party. Any such objection must set forth in detail the
12 grounds on which it is based.

13 c. A Party that receives a timely written objection must meet and confer with
14 the Designating Party (through direct voice to voice dialogue) to try to resolve the matter
15 by agreement within seven days of the written objection. If no agreement is reached, the
16 Party seeking to make the disclosure to the Expert may file a motion seeking permission
17 from the court to do so. Any such motion must describe the circumstances with specificity,
18 set forth in detail the reasons why the disclosure to the Expert is reasonably necessary,
19 assess the risk of harm that the disclosure would entail, and suggest any additional means
20 that could be used to reduce that risk. In addition, any such motion must be accompanied
21 by a competent declaration describing the parties' efforts to resolve the matter by
22 agreement (*i.e.*, the extent and the content of the meet and confer discussions) and setting
23 forth the reasons advanced by the Designating Party for its refusal to approve the
24 disclosure.

25 In any such proceeding, the Party opposing disclosure to the Expert shall bear the
26 burden of proving that the risk of harm that the disclosure would entail (under the
27 safeguards proposed) outweighs the Receiving Party's need to disclose the Protected
28 Material to its Expert.

1 **8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN**
 2 **OTHER LITIGATION**

3 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels
 4 disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL” or
 “ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” that Party must:

5 a. Promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall
 6 include a copy of the subpoena or court order;

7 b. Promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to
 8 issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or
 9 order is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy
 10 of this Stipulated Protective Order; and

11 c. Cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued
 12 by the Designating Party.

13 If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the
 14 subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as
 15 “CONFIDENTIAL” or “ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” before a determination by the
 16 court from which the subpoena or order issued, unless the Party has obtained the
 17 Designating Party’s permission. The Designating Party shall bear the burden and expense
 18 of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material – and nothing in these
 19 provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this
 20 action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

21 **9. A NON-PARTY’S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN**
 22 **THIS LITIGATION**

23 a. The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-
 24 Party in this action and designated as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “ATTORNEYS’ EYES
 25 ONLY.” Such information produced by Non-Parties in connection with this litigation is
 26 protected by the remedies and relief provided by this Order. Nothing in these provisions
 27 should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking additional protections.

28 b. If a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce a Non-

1 Party's confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an agreement
 2 with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party's confidential information, then the Party
 3 shall:

4 i. Promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party
 5 that some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality
 6 agreement with a Non-Party;

7 ii. Promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of this Stipulated
 8 Protective Order, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific
 9 description of the information requested; and

10 iii. Make the information requested available for inspection by the
 11 Non-Party.

12 c. If the Non-Party fails to object or seek a protective order from this court
 13 within 14 days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party
 14 may produce the Non-Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery
 15 request. If the Non-Party timely seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall not
 16 produce any information in its possession or control that is subject to the confidentiality
 17 agreement with the Non-Party before a determination by the court. Absent a court order
 18 to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in
 19 this court of its Protected Material.

20 **10. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL**

21 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected
 22 Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective
 23 Order, the Receiving Party must immediately: (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the
 24 unauthorized disclosures; (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected
 25 Material; (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the
 26 terms of this Order; and (d) request such person or persons to execute the "Acknowledgment and
 27 Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

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1 **11. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE**
2 **PROTECTED MATERIAL**

3 When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain inadvertently
4 produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the
5 Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B).

6 **12. MISCELLANEOUS**

7 12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to
8 seek its modification by the court in the future.

9 12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Stipulated
10 Protective Order as an order of the Court, no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to
11 object to disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this
12 Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use
13 in evidence of any of the material covered by this Stipulated Protective Order.

14 12.3 Filing Protected Material. Without written permission from the Designating Party
15 or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file any
16 Protected Material in the public record in this action. A Party that seeks to file under seal any
17 Protected Material must comply with District of Nevada LR IA 10-5.

18 **13. FINAL DISPOSITION**

19 Within 60 days after the final disposition of this action, as defined in Section 4, each
20 Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such material.
21 As used in this Section 13, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations,
22 summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Whether
23 the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written
24 certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party)
25 by the 60-day deadline that: (1) identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected
26 Material that was returned or destroyed; and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained
27 any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or capturing any
28 of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an
archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, legal

memoranda, correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Stipulated Protective Order as set forth in Section 4.

IT IS SO AGREED AND STIPULATED:

HOWARD & HOWARD ATTORNEYS PLLC BLUT LAW GROUP, P.C.

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STEVEN G. HORCH

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Defendant Pro Se

IT IS SO ORDERED:


UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

DATED: May 15, 2018

EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, _____ **[print or type full name]**, of _____
[print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for the District of Nevada on **[date]** in the case of *Proteinhouse Franchising, LLC et al. v. Gutman et al.*, Case No. 2:17-cv-02816-APG-PAL.

I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the District of Nevada for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

I hereby appoint _____ **[print or type full name]** of _____ **[print or type full address and telephone number]** as my Nevada agent for service of process in connection with this action or any proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.

Date: _____

City and State where sworn and signed:

Printed name: _____

Signature: _____

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on May 9, 2018, I filed a true and accurate copy of the foregoing document entitled, STIPULATION AND [PROPOSED] PROTECTIVE ORDER GOVERNING THE DISCOVERY AND HANDLING OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION AND TRADE SECRETS, with the Clerk of the Court via the Court's CM/ECF system, which sent an electronic copy of the same to the following counsel of record:

Elliot S. Blut, Esq.
Blut Law Group, P.C.
300 S. Fourth Street, Suite 701
Las Vegas, NV 89101

I hereby further certify that on May 9, 2018, I caused a true and accurate copy of the foregoing document entitled, STIPULATION AND [PROPOSED] PROTECTIVE ORDER GOVERNING THE DISCOVERY AND HANDLING OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION AND TRADE SECRETS, to be served by First-Class, United States mail, upon the following non-CM/ECF participants:

Steven G. Horch
5250 S. Rainbow Blvd. #1121
Las Vegas, NV 89118

Dated: this 9th day of May, 2018

/s/ Cheryl Klukas
An employee of Howard & Howard Attorneys PLLC

4813-2340-5155, v. 1